CITY INTELLIGENCE THE CATHEDRAL.

Solemn and Impressive Ceremonies-Reinterment of Two Bishops-Sketches of the Deceased Prelates-A Pontifical Requiem-The Bishops and Clergy Present-A Sermon by Bishop Lynch.

This morning, at the Catholic Cathedral of baint Peter and caint Paul, Eighteenth and Bace streets, an immense congregation was assembled to participate in the services peculiar to the reinterment of the first two Ordinaries of the Diocese. The remains of one had been resting in St. Joseph's Cemetery, generally known as the "Bishop's Burging Ground," corner of Passyunk road and Washington avenue, and those of the other in St. Mary's Cemetery; but as there is a spacious and specially coustructed vanit under the main altar of the Cathedral for the reception of the remains of those discharging the Episcopal functions of the Diocese, the present respected and zealous prelate was anxious, as far as possible, to have interred together those who had labored in this Episcopal See, that they might, with the sucpessors to come after them in the Episcopacy, repose in the slumber of death beneath the altar on which would be daily celebrated the Holy Sacrifice. The order was accordingly given, and this morning was fixed for the selemn and imposing ceremonies attending

the event. The vault has been designed in a most becoming manner, and is approachable only from the rear of the cathedral. It is subdivided into many crypts or niches, of such size and construction as to admit of a coffin, and the entrance is closed by an immense marble slab, which is again sealed and otherwise guarded from intrusion. The two prelates placed in this receptacle this morning were the two first bishops of this diocese, whom we shall speak of in the order of their consecration, as follows:-

Right Rev. Michael Egan, D. D., O. S. F. This was the prelate appointed for the present Diocese when first erected into an Episcopal See. He was a gentleman of learning, sound judgment, and exemplary discipline, and did all possible to advance the interests of nis denomination during his term, He was born in Ireland, and came to this country in the year 1802. He labored with the zealous better the Beath at languager and soon came. the year 1802. He labored with the zeaious Father De Barth at Lancaster, and soon came under the notice and esteem of Right Rev. Blahop Canoll, then of Baltimore. The latter petitioned the Holy Father for the erection of four new Episcopal Sees, of which Philadelphia was one. The request was granted, and Father Egan was chosen Bishop of the last-named Diocese. He was a priest of the Franciscan order (as indicated by the letters attached to his name, signifying 'Ordine Sancte Franciscae)," and would, from the spirit of humility characterizing that community, willingly have avoided the ecclesiastical eleliingly have avoided the ecclesiastical ele willingly have avoided the ecclesiastical elevation placed on him; but no such opportunity was presented. His appointment was made in the year 1808. Rev. Luke Concanan, A. P., was at the same time appointed first bishop of the new diocese of New York, and being in Rome at the time on business, he was entrusted with the Papal bulls for the consecration of himself and those Exicanal trusted with the Papal bulls for the consecra-tion of himself and three Episcopal prethren. He went to Napies and Leghorn in search of an American vessel, which he did not find, and the country being sgitated at the time by comthe country being sgitated at the time by commotion, war, and sivife, he was regarded as a British spy, and taken captive. He died without being able to fulfil his mission. The bulls were subsequently forwarded to this country by way of Portugal, and Bisnop Egan was consecrated by Bishop Canoll in St. Mary's Church, Fourth street, near Spruce, in the year 1810. He established St. Mary's as the Cathedral, and he continued as bishop until 1814, when he died.

Right Rev. Henry Conwell. D. D. sor of the deceased Bishop was Right Rev. Henry Conwell, a gentle an over seventy years of age, who had been active as Vicar-General of the Diocese of Armagn, in Ireland. Several previous appointments had been made of priests in this country, but dis-sensions and schism had broken out in open rebellion, and the government of the diosese peing, under such circumstances, anything but desirable, they all declined. Father Conwell, however, being a man of experience, long in the sacred ministry, accepted the appointment, and being consecrated in London in 1820, he set sail for the scene of his luture troubled labors. During his episcopal term religion was disgraced by the memorable "Hogan riots," and the good Bishop had much perplexity of mind and many harassing circumstances to contend with. So serious did the questions then involved become, in relation to St. Mary's Church, that orders came from Rome direct in relation thereto, and it was found necessary to place the church, finally, under interdict. It is, however, useless to refer to these cir-

It is, however, useless to refer to these circumstances at present, further than to show that they occurred during the term of Bishop Conwell. Annoyed in both body and mind, at his advanced age, he was in addition soon sfilicted with total blindness, and Francis Patrick Kenrick. D. D., was appointed as coadjutor to the Bishop of Philadelphia, and discherged all Episcopai functions until the death of Bishop Conwell in 1842, when he became the actual Bishop of the Diocese, in which he continued until his translation to the Archeptscopacy in Baltimore, in 1851, when John N. episcopacy in Baitimore, in 1851, when John N. Neumann, D. D., C.SS. R., was appointed as his successor. Father Neumann had been a zeal-ous friend of the Redemptorist Order, and acted ous Friend of the Redemptorist Order, and acted as Bishop from the day of his consecration, March 28, 1852, until June 5, 1860, when, as is remembered, he fell dead in the street. His remains are interred in the vault of the Re-demptorist Fathers at St. Peter's Church, Fifth street and Girard avenue, in respect to whose feelings and wishes they will be allowed to-re-main. Bishop Neumann during his Episcopate main, Bishop Neumann during his Episcopate established the present system of parochial schools, and otherwise contributed much to religion. Right Rev. James F. Wood, who was appointed as his coadjutor April 26, 1857, cum jure successionis, succeeded to the Episcopate on the death of Bishop Neumann, and is the present Ordinary of the diocese. He and is the present Ordinary of the diocese. He has accomplianed more than any of his predecessors, and is highly respected by the entire community, both Catholic and Protestant. He has of late had the former diocese of Philadelphia so divided as to give him an opportunity of giving attention to every part of the territory under his Episcopal jurisdiction, and by the formation of the Sees of Soranton and Harrisburg, the present diocese of Philadelphia consists of the city and county of Philadelphia and the counties of Bucks, Berks, Carbon, Chester, Delaware, Lehigh, Montgomery, Northampton, and Schuylkill. As the friend and protector of the distressed orphan, Bishop Northampton, and Schuylkill. As the friend and protector of the distressed orphan, Bishop Wood especially excels, and to every good work of religion in his diocese does he give direct encouragement and aid. He is a gentleman of superior learning, stamen discipline, and active habits or both mind and body, and is especially beloved by the clergy under his immediate charge. Such is a brief synopsis of the Bpiscopacy of the Diocese of Philadelphia.

Appearance of the Cathedral.

Appearance of the Cathedral.

The altars were shrouded in deep mourning, and in front of the main one was erected a magnificent catafalque, the handiwork of Mr. Simon Gartland, undertaker. It was surmounted by a canopy and cross nearly designed, and on it rested the ashes of the deceased prelates in handsome coffins, bearing the name of each, and surrounded by burning tapers. The bodies of each of them were found to be almost entirely reduced to asnes, but the vestments in which they were ciad were in a perfect state of preservation. The appearance given the Cathedral by the erection of this catafalque or cenotaph was most sombre and impressive, and filled the large congregation with a feeling of awe. The Office for the Dead.

The Office for the Dead.

At 10% o'clock the seminarians from the adjoining Seminary of St. Charles Borromeo being assembled in the chapel of the Cathedral, with acolytes, with swinging censers, and other necessary arrangements, the Right Rev. Bishops and very Rev. and Rev. Clorgy entered the sanctuary, and Bishop Wood being seated on his episcopal throne, the recitation of the Holy Office of the Dead was commenced. Rsv. Thomas F. Ropkins, Rector of the Preparatory Seminary at Glen Ridale, Delaware county,

and Rev. Thomas W. Power, of St. Mary's Church, in this city, acted as antiphonarians, and the different lessons and Nocturns were read in the order indicated.

The Pontifical Requiem The Pontifical Requiem.

The rettation of the "Office" being concluded, the solemn Pontifical Requiem Mass was immediately commenced by Right Rev. James F. Wood, Bishop of Philadelphia.

He was assisted by Very Rev. C. J. H. Carter as Assistant Priest; Very Rev. P. A. Nugent, V. G., and Very Rev. M. A. Waish, V. G., as Deacons of Honore-Rev. P. R. OReilly, as Deacon of the Mass; Rev. P. M. Carlen, sub-Deacon; Rev. A. J. M. Cendring, Master of Ceremonies; and Rev. P. M. Mullen, Assistant,

Bishops and Clargy Present.

Bishops and Clergy Present, Bishops and Clergy Present.

In the sanctusry were also Right Rev. P. N. Lynch, Bishop of Charleston, S. C.; Right Rev. William O'Hara, Bishop of Scranton; Right, Rev. J. F. Shanahan, Bishop of Harrisburg; Very Rev. Bernard Keenas; Very Rev. J. Hayden, V. C. M.; Revs. Messrs. John P. Dunn, P. R. O'Reilly, James Fitzmaurice, F. J. Barbelin, S. J., Mark Crane, O. S. A., A. J. Dirragh, O. S. A., Thomas Kieran, P. F., Sheridan, A. M. Grundman, John J. Elecek, Thomas P. O'Neill, Joseph Endgeman, Thomas O'Neill, John Fitzmaurice, A. M. Grundner, O. S. B. M. V., Thomas Fox. James Rolando, C. M., Francis O'Connor, John M'Abany, P. F. Sullivan, Rudolph Kuenzer, Richard O'Connor, John Kelly, James Maguire, John M'Govern, Hugh Line, James Meguire, John M'Govern, Hugh Lane, John M'Anany, George S robel, J. F. Pendergrast, William Leenckamp, C S. S. R., and many others, completely filling the sacred sanctuary, and presenting a beautiful appearance. The Requiem Mass was not concluded until rearly 12% o'clock.

As the sequence, "Dies irw. dies illa." was sung by the choir a lighted taper was placed in the hands of

As the sequence, "Dies ire: dies illa." was sung by the choir a lighted taper was placed in the hands of each of the clergy within the sanctuary, which they retained until near the conclusion of the services, a significant emplem of the light of the Gospel and teachings of the Church.

The mass song by the choir was the solemn Gregorian, the Sonchis and Aprils Dei of which were gorian. The Mass some of the rev. goriab. the Souchis and Apress Det by which were especially well given masmoch as some of the rev. clerry left the sarctuary, and repaired to the assistance of the choir singers, which proved of signal

Sermon of Bishop Lynch.

At the conclusion of the Mass Right Rev. Bishon Lynch, of Charleston, secended the pulpit and preached an impressive sermon from the text: "Re-member your decessed prefates who "poke to you the word of God;" So, Paul's spistle to Hebrews, 7th

the word of God; St. Paul's spistle to Hebrews, 7th v.re.

He spoke of the sciemnity of the occasion and the vito- of rells ion which God had planted in the heart of man spraking during the mortneys solemnisles just witnessed. When the creatures of God die de comes to judge, examine, reward or punish; and the strength of His decisions overwhelms us. Death and religion are united.

This sisnots forth clearly. When death is viewed in the light of true faith, and the saithfut gather for the lasts do fince, there is cause for gratification mingled with grie. But when we came to inter the successors of the aposites, the bishops of the church, it is proper they should lay near to their respective sees, as has been the custom since the time of Ignatius, Bishop of Anticeh, a martyr of Christ, where death the speaker described with considerable emotion.

His relies were preserved as riob jewels, and Dionysius of Milan, who died in exile has his remains brought to the Episcopal church which has been the being the cent eo' unity and fruth, has ordated that its bishops shall be buried within its Cathedrais where possible. The last case of St. Peter, the first bishop, and his success.

that its bishops shall be buried within its Cathedrals where possible. Such is the case of St. Peter, the first bishop, sha his successor. It is a sassailed the When persecutions in after country, as assailed the Church, st. Zephasius, the Ponit, charged California his Arch Deacon, to prepare a spffial crypt in which his Arch Deacon, to prepare a spffial crypt in which his Arch Deacon, to prepare a spffial crypt in which his Arch Deacon, to prepare a spffial crypt in which sar cens came, when the reighing Ponitif deemed proper to bring the bodies to the Vatican, and the catacombs we essacked and destroyed.

But in later days antiquariany discovered the Papal crypt, on which were placed the in criptions which marked the graves. Thus it was seen that from the very first it was the custom to collect the remains of the penniffs and inter them as near as possible to their immediate See. The speaker commend desch script at more level to the action of Bi-hop Wood as one, being in accordance with practice and precept.

as one, being in accordance with practice and pracept.

To-day, with all reverence, we consign to the assigned vault the bodies of his predec storal there to remain until the trump of the archaege sinal sound. A histry was then given of the deceased prelates, which was littered to with the greatest possible attention. He referred to the condition of Ca holicity in the United States in the year 1808 and the efforts of the then Bishop Carroll, of Ba timore, who appealed to the Old World for aid, by furnishing priests. Rev. Michael Bran was amongst these who responded He was a resive of the city of Galway in 1r layd, but in that time Catholicity in Ireland could not be practised without danger and punishment. He went abroad and studied at the Franciscan College at Pome after which he made he way to the United States in 1802 when he was located at Lancaster with Father De Barth, as above stated, beveral religious orders were aireary in the United States and Father Egan in 1804 determined to establish an Order of St. Francis in this country, but nothing came of it. In 1905 he came to this city and was made pastor of St. Mary's Church, Philadelpuia. Behon Carroll applied to the Holy See for the creation of Sees in New York. Philadelphia, Boston, and

ees in New York. Philadelphia, Boston, and New Orleans.

The prayer was granted, and Baltimore was created into an Archepisc pai See. The facts of the issuing of the Papal built, etc., as stated in the foregoing sketch, were then substantially narrated by the He referred to the then Pontiff, Plus VII who

He referred to the then Pontiff, Plus VII who was imprisoned and driven into exile and finally he referred to the labors of Bishop Egan after his casecration which were continued by his successor. Bishop Conwell.

Here erred to the merits and characteristics of each of the decased prelates, and called on them finally to unite with the spirit of the church, and offer up prayers for the remose of their souls.

The services were highly impressive and solemn throughout, and were not concluded until about 1½ o'clock.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Again it Has Recurred-Some Scraps from the History of Ould Ireland's Patron Saint-His Tribulations, Works, and Miracles.

We do not know whether there be any one It ish surname which has obtained the wide-spread acceptance of our English or American "Smith;" but we do know that neither England nor America can exhibit a prenomen as uni-versal in use as the Irish "Patrick." You are never at a loss to attract the attention of a recent importation from the "Emeraid Isle." Sing out "Pat," and he is sure to bob his head

in recognition.

Now, many wise antiquarians and pedigree...
unravelers have muddled their brains in
an attempt to elucidate the reasons for the
general adoption by Irish parents of this prenx, "Patrick," for their male children, Learned
treatises have been written, and mighty arguments piled in them, to prop up this or that hypothesis in explanation. But the truth is inta
nut-hell. You needn't hurt yourself in your
upper story by tracing out fine strung reasons. in recognition. nut-hell. You needn't hurt yourself in your upper story by tracing out fine-strung reasons, if yeu only allow common sense to speak. In the first place, then, the main reason why almost all Irish babies of the mascuine gender are dubbed "Pat" is because "Pat" was the name of a certain old chap who figured in Irish history, and who for sufferings, labors, and works was canot ized as "St Patrick." Again, everybody knows that the mejority of the poor and more ignorant in Ireland are Roman Catholics by faith; knows the horror they entertain of any person dying unbaptized; knows that this class of the population is very prolific in children; and knows that the children are received into the Church by the baptismal rite almost before they are born. Of course, the jurcduction into this world of another unit, in the shape of a human world of another unit, in the shape of a human baby, has ever been a happy yet trying, em-barrassing, and d sconcerting event to the anxious. Irish parents are not unlike other parents at such times, except in this: their extreme eagerness and hurry to have the first introduction baptized. Probably the moment has taken them by surprise. They have not yet pitched upon a name for the "auticipated." When the thing has actually happened, at their wits' ends for fear that the little Irish. pated." When the thing has actually happened, at their wite' ends for fear that the little Irishman may die before he is sprinkled with the holy water, they naturally fail upon the name of the individual by whom they have been accustomed to swear, and "St. Patrick" is compelled to yield them the privilege of naming the child after himself. So the baby is called "Pat," and great is the rejoicing. Now, then, as we know the reason or reasons why almost all frishmen are named "Pat," and as we also know the peculiar reverence in which they hold "St. Patrick," and as "st. Patrick's Day" will come off again on the morrow, let us take will come off again on the morrow, let us take a glimpse at the "latory of that celebrated and honored personse."

will come off again on the morrow, let us take a glimpse at the bistory of that celebrated and honored personage.

His origin is wrapped in mystery, No person can tell exectly the place of his birth. We are forced to content ourselves with the knowledge that he entered upon his earthly career about the year A. D. 3.72, while it is quite impossible to determine whether England, Scotland, Wales, or France has the best claim to be considered the country of his birth. When but sixteen years of age he was stolen away by a band of pirates, by whom he was sold into slavery in Ireland. For seven years thereafter his master compelled him to follow the hamble occupation of a swineherd on Mount Sieamish, in county Antrim.

He contrived in the end to escape from captivity, and after encountering innumerable perils, both by land and sea, to make his way to the continent, where he entered the Church, and was successively ordained deacon, priess, and bishop. Then, armed with the authority

of Pope Celestine, he returned to the scenes of his bondage, and commenced to preach the Gospel to the unregenerate Irish. In the fourth century his task was a difficult one. He was obstructed in his Christianizing labors not only by the inborn obstinacy of the people to whom he presched, but by the formidable opposition of the priests of the old Druidical superstition. These Druids, being ministers of a false faith, necessarily dealt in magic, mystery, and miracles; and they directed their machinations against the bishop with so much zeal and success that he was forced to resort to the same manner of warfare. Bishop Patrick therefore cursed the fertile lands of his antagonists, and they became barren; he cursed their teeming rivers, and the fish deserted them; he cursed the pots in which they concocted their witching broth, and thenceforth boiling was impossible in them; and at last, naving exhausted both patience and charity, he cursed the very Druids themselves, when the earth yawned and they were swallowed up!

Having disposed of his Druidical adversaries in this summary way, the bishop was careful to retain his reputation for miracle-working

Having disposed of his Druidical adversaries in this summary way, the bishop was careful to retain his reputation for miracle-working by performing frequent wonders.

Thus, happening with his followers one cold morning to be in a mountainous locality, without a fire wherewith to warm his limbs and cook his breakfast, the good bishop colliected a number of fragments of ice from a pond and fanned them into a blaze. A neat way of getting a fire!

But the greatest achievement of Bishop

fanned them into a blaze. A neat way of getting a fire!

But the greatest achievement of Bishop Patrick in the miraculous way was his famons crusade against the snakes and other venomous repttlies which at that time infested the Emerald Isle. The good Bishop procured a drum, upon which he thumped away with such hearty zeal that reptiles of all kinds and sizes rushed frantically into the sea. But before he had entirely driven out these peats, by an unfortunate stroke a hole was made in the instrument, and his task would have been incomplete had not an angel opportunely appeared and mended it. The drum, patch and all, was long preserved and exhibited as a holy relic of the Deliverer of Ireland from the pestilence of snakes. While engaged in this landable undertaking it is said that Bishop Patrick challed a monstrous serpent in the Longh Dilvern, one of the seven lakes of the Gaultie mountains, bicding him there remain till Monday. According to the popular belief of the neighborhood, the serpent still continues in bondage at the bottom of the lake, but every Monday without fail he lifts up his voice and tays, "Tis a long Monday, Patrick."

Bishop Patrick continued his labors for the evangelization of Ireland for a long time and with great success; and, finally, was called to a better world while sojourning at Saul, on the 17th of March, A. D. 493, being then in the one place of his burial is involved in quite as much obscurity as that of his birth. It is generally believed, however, that he reposes in Downpatrick, and that side by side with his remains are those of St. Bridget and Saint Columb. For many years past an numble family residing in the neighborhood of Belfast have had in their possession a silver shrine, curiously embossed and evidently of great antiquity, in which is enclosed the jaw-bone of the Bishop. Not many years ago there were five teeth attached to it, but three of them were removed and given to members of the family who were about emigrating to this country, while a fourth was deposited under t Chap-1 of Derriagby, on the occasion of its re-building, not long state. The fifth tooth still remains attached to the jaw-bone. Tuis relic is supposed to possess the power of relieving certain kinds of sickness, of counteracting the wicked conjurings of witches, and averting the influence of the evil eye. It was, likewise, formerly called into requisition when a person accused of a crime wished to establish his inno-cence, the people beliving that a declaration ceree, the people beliving that a declaration to that effect, when falsely made by one who had placed his right hand upon the relic, would render him liable to the most frightful torture as a combined punishment for his guilt and

To morrow being the 17th of March, it will be observed by our fellow-citizens of Irish birth and descent in a manner becoming the anniversary of the death of Ireland's patron anniversary of the death of Ireland's patron saint. Solemn Pontifical Mass will be sung in the movning at St. Patrick's Church, by the late pastor of that congregation, Rt. Rev. Bishop O'Hara, of Scranton. The panegyric of the saint will be delivered by Bishop Lynch, of Charleston, S. C. In the evening, the Rev. Dr. O'Connor, iormerly Bishop of Pittsburg, lectures at Concert Hall; subject, "Soggarth Aroon." The proceeds of the lecture are for the benefit of the House of the Good Shepherd. The annual banquet of the Hibernia Society will take place at the Continental Hotel, and the Cettic Association will honor the day at the Celtic Association will honor the day at their rooms at Gartland's Hall,

There will be a grand demonstration at National Hall, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, under the auspices of the Fenian Brotherhood. The meeting is expected to be the largest ever held by Fenians in this city. Prominent and able-peakers will address the meeting.

There has long been current a pretended be-

There has long been current a pretended belief that such a thing as a clear day on the 17th
of March was a wonder not to be thought of.
Whether the demoralization of the elements
which is then confidently anticipated is owing
to the fact that the ghost of the good bishop
who departed this life so many years ago is on
that day in the habit of revisiting this mundance sphere, or whether it is caused by the inferred rejoicings of the Druids anakes and fernal rejoicings of the Druids, snakes, and toads which he so remorselessly exorcised while in the flesh, we are not at present in-

formed.

Judging from the beavens this morning, and basing our prediction upon the direction of the wind, we would say, however, to our great sorrow, that to morrow will, in all probability, be an exception to the rule. But then, you know, the exception proves the rule, so that though it is also also the proposed to the place and the pl be clear to-morrow we can still believe, and confidently believe, that all St. Patrick's Days hereafter will be rainy. So mote it be!

DIED OF HYDROPHOBIA.-Mr. Meyer Brell, residing on Franklin street, above Spring Gar-den street, was bit in the hand by a pet dog about four weeks ago. No attention was paid to the circumstance, and about a week since Mr. Brell was attacked with evident symptoms of hydrophobia. Convulsion after convulsion followed. Eminent physicians were called in, but their efforts to save life were hopeiess, and at seven o'clock last evening Mr. Brell expired. Deceased carried on business at the southwest corner of Ninth and Market streets.

FUGITIVE PROM JUSTICE .- Chauncey Stout was arrested yesterday at Twenty-fourth and Hare streets by Sergeant Atkinson, upon the charge of being a fugitive from justice. Defendant and two companions were taken into custody, a few days since, on the line of the Reading Railroad, for breaking into baggage cars and stealing property therefrom. The cars and stesling property therefrom. The prisoners, while being estorted to the lock-up, broke away from the officers and escaped. Stont was seen yesterday and arrested as above stated. He was committed by Alderman Pan-

COUNTERFEITING TRADE MARKS .- The counterfeiting of trade marks is becoming a regular business in this country, and unless the evil is business in this country, and unless the evil is soon checked, serious will be the consequences. Recently counterfeiters have turned their at-tention to Helmbold's Buchn, and placed in the market an article for the sale of which they depend upon the external appearance, without regard to the quality or contrats of the bottle. Mr. Helmbold offers a reward of \$1000 bottle. Mr. Helmbold offers a reward of \$1000 for the detection of the counterfeiter, as will be seen by an advertisement in another column.

TAPPED A TILL .- John McShay is aged 12 years. He is addicted to stealing, and has been in custody on several occasions. Only two days since he was liberated from prison, and last night he was caught in the act of tapping a till in a store in Tenth street, below Elisworth. Alderman Bonsall committed him.

A Novelty.-There will be a very exciting contest for a silver cup at the Velocipede Insti-tute to morrow (Wednesday) evening, under the anspices of the Philadelphia Velocipede in which all of the best riders of the city will take part.

SUDDEN DEATH .- Last evening Frank Zebley, residing at Spafford and Fitzwater streets, died white seated in a chair at his residence. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause. The Coroner was notified to hold an income.

STORE ROBBERY .- This morning two colored men et lered a store at Eleventh and Locust streets, and stole a roll of ribbon. The pro-perty was not missed until they had left the promises

BADLY BURNED .- About 9 o'clock this morning. Margaret Stewart, sged eighteen years, residing at No. 328 Dauphin street, was badly burned by her clothing taking fire from the atove.

ROBBED OF LEAD PIPE. - An unocompled store at Eighteenth and Montrose streets was entered last night and robbed of lead pipe, etc.

noon to-day the following stocks and real estate were sold by Messrs. M. Inomas & Sons, at the Merchants' Exchange:—

shares Camden and Atlantic Railroad

a shares Camden and Atlantic Ralicoad (common).

10 shares Enterprise Insurance Company...

1 share Point Breeze Park...

5 shares Rosdemy of Music, with tickes...

1 share Academy of Music, with tickes...

20 shares Reliance Insurance Company...

5 shares Reliance Insurance Company...

5 shares Resern National Bank...

1 share Philadelphia and Southern Mail Sieamship Co...

50 shares National Bank of North America...

50 shares National Bank of North America...

50 shares American Bontonhole and Overse aming Machine Co...

50 shares Empire Transportation Company...

56 shares Union Railroad and Transportation Co...

tion Co.
1 shere Mercaptile Library Co.
LEHIGH ROLLING MILL, and about 4
Acres, Bulloing, Machinery, Steam Englises, etc.; CITY OF ALLENTOWN, PA.,
CATHARINE street, No. 630—Brick Dweil-CATHARINE Street, No. 628 - Brick Dwell-CATHABINEStreet, No 626 - Brick Dwell-

\$6700

SEVERELY INJURED .- Julia Clark, aged 70 years, residing on Philip street, in the Seven teenth ward, fell on the sidewalk at Tenth and Jefferson streets this morning, and severely injured herself. She was removed to her home. STEAMSHIPS TO BE SOLD .- The attention of

ship owners and capitalists is called to the sale of splendid steamships by Burdett, Dennis & Co., No. 109 Wall street, New York, to-morrow, at 1 o'clock, to be sold without reserve.

PRESS CLUB.—A regular stated meeting of the Press Club will be held to-morrow after-noon. The charter passed by the Legislature will be presented for consideration. A full at-tendance of members is desired. In Possession .- Collector Cake was this

morning still in possession of the Custom -Celeste Lenoir, a vivandière in the army

of the first Napoleon, died recently in New Orleans, at the age of eighty-five.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.
LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1022 CHESNUT Street

AMUSEMENTS.

[For additional Amusement: see Third Page. CHESNUT STREET THEATRE

C. D. HESS & CO. Managers
(Also of Crosby's Opera House, and Wood's Museum, Chicago.)

THIS (TUE-DAY) EVEN'ING March 16,
THE GREAT EXTRAVAGANZA

A. D. Bradley,
FIELD
C. A. McMains,
OF THE
GOODAN
CLOTH
OF And 20 others.

CLOTH
OF And 20 others.

CLOTH
OF ACCORDANCE
GOLD,
SIMILAR TGENIZAtion.

THE ENTIRE REAT COMPANY.
All the magnificent JEWELS COSTUMES, PROFERTIAS, ETC., transported direct from
CEOSBY'S OFERA HOUSE CHICAGO,
where, for the past two menths, this magnificent production has eployed
THE MOST EMINENT SUCCESS,
CROWDING THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Night after night with the most enthusiastic and
delighted audiences.
The cost of this grand production at the Chesnut

The cost of this grand production at the Chesnut will exceed 812,000,

SIZ. 000.

Scinal outlay Come to night and see. An absolutely Magnificent performance OVER 200 PEOPLE EMPLOYED.

GRAND CHORUS OF 40 VOICE3, INCREASED ORCHESTRA.

SPLENDID MUSIC.

In the Tournament Act
THE GREAT LEON BROTHERS. HERNANDEZ, THE UNRIVALLED GUITARIST. THE BREBAN SWISS BELT, RINGERS,
THE LEON AND HERNANDEZ JAPANESE
TROUPE.
Songs, Dances, Burlesques,
Fun, Elegant and Reigneg, out
EXTREMELY FUNNY.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TRUSTEE'S SALE. — ESTATE OF Michael Herr.—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers. On Tuesday, April 6, 1869, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, the following described properties, viz :— No. 1. Ten acres, McLean county, Illinois. All those 10 acres of ground, situate in McLean

No. 1. Ten acres, McLean county, Indoos, All those 10 acres of ground, situate in McLean county, Hilmois, being the southwest core of let No. 3 of the southwest quarter of section No. 7. No. 25 north of range 4, E., conveyed by Rufus Wood to Michael Herr, by deed dated August 6, 1855, and recorded.

No. 2. Twenty acres, Livingston county, Hilmois, All that 20 acres in Livingston county, Hilmois, being the south half of the northwest quarter of section No. 20, Town No. 27, range 5, E of the 3 P.M., conveyed by W. H. Wells to M. Herr, by deed dated June 22, 1855, and resorded.

No. 3. Eighty acres, Hamilton county, Iowa, All that 80 acres in Hamilton county, Iowa, All that 80 acres in Hamilton county, Iowa, being the east half of the southeast quarter of section No. 20, in Township 88, north of range 24 west, entered by land warrant by M. Herr, November 21, 1855.

By order of L. F. Barry, Trustee.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Aucliencers, 3 16 2743 Nos, 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

INSURANCE.

MOVA

FAME

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Has Removed to New Office.

No. 809 CHESNUT Street.

W. I. BLANCHARD,

SECRETARY.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.
Estate of the minor children of JOHN F. BURKE. Estate of the minor children of JOHN F. BURKE, deceased.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle, and adjust the final account of JOHN GEGAN, M. U., and adjust the final account of JOHN F. BURKE, eccased, and to report d arioution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his applitment, on THURSDAY, March 25 1869, at 4 o'clook P. M. at his office, No. 433 WALN UT Street, in the city of Philadelphia.

THOMAS J. WORRELL, 3 16tathable Auditor.

DOGERS' AND WOSTENHOLM'S PUCKET INTO RAILY AND WOSTENHOLM'S PUCKET INTO RAILY AND WOSTENHOLM'S PUCKET INTO RAILY AND RAILY AND

THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, OFFICE The ADAMS EARTHES COUNTRY TO STORE THE ADAMS EARTHEST COUNTRY TO STORE THE ADAMS PACKED TO STORE THE ADAMS AND SPECIAL TO STORE THE ADAMS AND STORE TO STORE THE ADAMS AND STORE THE ADAMS

United States Revenue Stamps OF all kinds can be bad at No. 105 8 FIFTH Street (DEXE door to Old Office), and at No. 132 WALNUT Street, Penn Buildings,

SALE OF STOCKS AND REAL ESTATE.—At THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

WASHINGTON.

Rejected Treaties-Sumner on the Alabama Claims-American Interests in Cuba-Our Squadron to be Reinforced.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

875. 87

The Ways and Means Committee. WASHINGTON, March 16. - The Ways and Means Committee organized to day, and will proceed at once to business. The first thing to be taken up is the supplemental whisky and tobacco tax bill, which failed in the Senate. It will be reported at an early day.

Rejected Treaties. The Senate Foreign Relations Committee authorized Mr. Sumner to day to report back all the treaties before the committee that failed at the last session. This includes the Alabama, San Juan, and naturalization treaties. On the former Sumper has prepared an elaborate speech, which he says is the most pacific he ever made. He does not expect to get these treasies up for consideration until after the House adjourns and the Senate gets at executive business.

The Tenure-of-Office Act. Grant's friends are not satisfied with the report of the Judiciary Committee relative to the suspension of the Tenure-of-office act. Taey want its absolute repeal, and were canvassing the Senate to-day with a view of accomplish-

ing that object. A Reinforcement for the West India Squadron.

In view of the disturbed condition of affairs in Cuba, and imminent danger to the lives and property of American citizens resident there, Admiral Porter has ordered several vessels of war belonging to the Pacific squadion to procced to the West Indies and reinforce the West India squadron. In addition to this, Admiral Porter has also ordered two of the first class iron clads to proceed at once to Key West and hold themselves in readine s tor any orders that may come for the officer commanding the West India squadron.

American Rights to be Protected. The Navy Department authorities are of the oninion that the time has come when prompt action should be taken to show the Spanish authorities at Cuba that the rights of American citizens there must be respected. When the vessels ordered from the Pacific reach their new rendezvous, there will be a force in the immediate vicinity of Cuba to meet all emer-

At the White House.

There was the usual crowd of visitors and office-seekers at the White House to-day. Very few, however, were admitted to see the President, except Senators and members. There were delegations from Pennsylvania and several of the Southern States, most of whom called to arrange about the Federal patronage in their several States.

Secretary of the Treasury Boutwell will, as soon as he can get time, set about to reorganize the Treasury Department. Nearly all the heads of departments are to be removed and new men appointed. Mr. Boutwell last night telegraphed for the Hon. George A. Halsey, late member of Congress from New Jersey, to come and assume the duties of Register of the Trea-

John Covode's Seat.

The Committee on Elections took up Covode's case to-day, and after agreeing to consider only the points referred to the committee by the House, postponed it until Thursday, when it is expected definite action will be had. Covode

will get his seat in a short time.

Secretary of State Fish arrived to-day, and was at the Cabinet meeting. No nominations of importance were sent

in to day, It is understood Grant is waiting to see what the Senate will do with the Tenure-of. Office law, which is now up in the Senate under consideration. Despatch to the Associated Press.

The Civil Offices in Virginia,

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The object of the joint resolution passed by the Senate to-day postponing removals from civil office in the Provisional Government of Virginia bill for thinty rays from and after its passage, is to afford time to make such removals, as the limit afford time to make such removals, as the limit in the former joint resolution expires this week. General Stoneman, who is now to be succeeded by General Cauby, will not have time to make the changes before his retire-

Obituary-St. Patrick's Day. UTICA, March 16.—Sister Philomena Myers, Superior of the Sisters of Charity here since 1865, died this morning. She will be buried on

BALTIMORE, March 16.-Captain Richard B. BALTIMORE, Marcu 10. Of the well-known Fitzgeraid, Sr., partner of the well-known house of Fitzgerald, Booth & Co., of this city, oled on Sunday night, aged 62. He was the founder of the house, which for many years has been engaged in a large South Pacific trade, St. Patrick's Day will be duly observed here to-morrow.

Heavy Failures in Canada.

MONTREAL, Marca 16.—Smythe & Edminson, boot and shoe manufecturers, have failed. Their liabilities are \$125,000. C. Sorwin & Co., brokers, have also suspended, one of the partners having absconded with a considerable amount of money.

Latest Markets by Telegraph. Naw Year, March 18,—Cotton easier; 200 bales and at 28% (\$2.8% c. Flour d clining; sales of 2000 barrels State at \$5.55.55 to no at \$5.56.7 25; Western at \$5.56.67 25; routhern at \$6.56.61 25; Ohno at \$6.67 25; vestern at \$5.56.67 25; routhern at \$6.00 bushels mixed Western at \$6.855.56; Oars dull; sales of 18.00 bushels at 75% (\$7.74.56; Beef quiet. Pork at \$6.51 new mess \$11.25.25 140 Lavd quiet; steam 18), (\$6.55.66; Whisky dull and quotations are nominal.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-3 P. M.

Market unsettled.

PRILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, MARCH 16 Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S, Third street

| Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street BETWEEN | South Street BETWEEN | South Street BETWEEN | South Street Between | South Street Board | So

FROM THE CAPITAL

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury-Resignation of Secretary Rawlins as General in the Army_The Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, March 15. Army Orders-Consolidation of Forces,

Disputch to the Associated Press. The following general order was issued from

the War Department;—

Washington City, March 10, 1869.—First. In compliance with section 2 of fact of Congress entitled "Act making appropriations for the supply of the army for the year ending Jan 30, 1870, and for other purposes." approved March 3, 18-9, the infantry of the army will be consolitated into twenty five regiments, as follows, viz:—

The 43d Regiment will be consolidated with the 1st; the 18th Regiment with the 2d; half of the 57th Regiment will be consolidated with the 1st; the 18th Regiment with the 3d; the 40th regiment with the 4th 18th; the 8th 18th of 18th; the 8th regiment with the 5th; the 42d regiment with the 8th; the 8th regiment with the 5th; the 42d regiment with the 8th the 8th the 29th; and thereafter all will be designated as the 11th. The 45th regiment with the 18th; the 2th and thereafter will be designated the 16th. The 4th regiment with the 19th; the 3th with the 19th; the 25th with the 18th; the 28th with the 19th; the 25th with the 18th; the 28th with the 19th; the 25th with the 18th; the 28th with the 19th; the 25th with the 18th; the 28th with the 19th; the 25th with the 18th; the 28th with the 19th; the 25th with the 18th; the 28th with the 19th; the 25th with the 18th; the 3th with the 18th; The 35 b regiment with the 40th, and thereafter will be designated the 25 h.

Eccoud, The field officers for the twenty-five regiment. with the zin; the ais; with the zin; the 3 h with the dist, a d thereafter will be code ate 1 the 24th. That is hereafter will be designated the 25 h. Eccond, The field officers for the twenty-five regiments will be selected hereafter, and will be announced in general orders from the headquarters of the army.

means will be selected neverter, and will be announced in general orders from the headquarters of the army.

This of The senior company officer of each grade present for day with any two regiments to be consolidated, and fit for active service, will be efficers of the consolidated regiment. The supernumerary officers will be ordered to their homes to await further orders, and supernumerary in occomplesioned officers will be homorably discharged, unless they elect to remain in the service to a lower grade. Fourth, The places of all officers of the first twenty-five regiments who are absent from their regiments on detached service leave of absence, or otherwise, more than thirty days, will be regarded, vacant, and filled as above provided for.

Fifth, All vacancies that may hereafter occur in the twenty-five information officers of the same grade from the list of officers awaiting orders.

Six h. No new collatments will be made until the number of men is reduced to the maximum number authorized by law for twenty-five regiments, but resultances will confine to be made in the twenty-five authorized regiments according to existing regulations.

Seventh, Commanding officers of Veteran Reserve

Regiments are authorized to grant honorable dis-seventh. Commanding officers of Veteran Reserve Regiments are authorized to grant honorable dis-charges on their application, to any solitated men of their regiments who are unit for ac ive service. J. M. SCHOFFELO, Secretary of War.

The Secretary of State.

Mr. Fish was qualified as Secretary of State this morning, by taking the oath of office before Chief Justice Cariter. He afterwards attended the Capinet meeting, at which all the members were present. Resignation of General Rawlins.

The resignation of Brevet Major-General John W. Rawlins has been accepted, to date from March 12.

The President's Visitors. The usual large crowd of members of Congress were received this morning by the President. Few others had interviews. Generals Schöfield and Negley were among them.

The Treasury Department. The Treasury Department.

The position of additional Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, tately held by Mr. Cooper, has been tendered to W. A. Richardson, of Boston. It is understood that no changes will be made in the Assistant Secretary's position, now held by Mr. Hartley. The resignation of Third Auditor Wilson has been accepted, and until his successor is appointed Chief Clerk Gangewin will perform the duties.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS-First Session.

United States Senate.

Continued from Third Edition. Mr. Trumbull briefly reviewed the practice and legislation to regard to appointments to and re-movels from office in the past, and said that while movals from office in the past, and said that while the Judiciary Committee were astudied that the present administration ought to be relieved from the embarrassment caused by the Tenure of Office act, yet they thought that a regatd for consistency and for the principles underlying the bill required that is abound not be abolished, but only suspended.

Mr. Thurman said that in the Judiciary Committee he had not voted to amend in any way the bill of the House to repeal the act because he believed that it ought to be repealed. Either the Constitution vested in the President an unlimited and unqualified power of removal from office, or it made the concurrence of the Senste necessary.

the Senste nectsaary. House of Representatives.

Continued from Third Edition. Mr. Judd sustained both the amendment and the bill.

Mr. Butler, in reply to a question from Mr. Jenekes, entered into a further explanation of the object of his amendment and said that now the man who furnished nickel to the Mint was a rennaylyanian and therefore git the preference. He did not want his riread the Director to be led into temptation. All he desired was that in the homense purchases, amounting to a million of dollars, there should be an advertisement of what is needed.

Mr. Dickey asked Mr. Buller whother there was any particular harm in a Pennsylvanian rather than an Englishman, having the preference.

Mr. Kelley remarked that the nickel establishment to which Mr. Buller referred was in New Jersey not in Pennsylvania.

Mr. Butler, replying first to Mr. Kelley, said that the nine was in Lancaster county, Ps., and the smeiting establishment was in Camden, N. J. In reply to Mr. Dickey, he said there is not any narm in a Pennsylvanian having an advantage over an Englishman, unless you tax the people to pay higher for that advantage. Then there is harm in it, and that I stand by everywhere.

Mr. Maynard argued against the provision abolishing the ten-cent paper currency.

Mr. Maynard argued against the proper principle and might in this case save huadreds of thousands of dollars.

Mr. Davis, a memb r of the Committee on Coignands of dollars.

Mr. Davis, a memb r of the Committee on Recommitteed to that committee remarking that he was satisfied it had not been properly considered.

That motion was agreed to, and the bill and amendments were referred.

Mr. Beamen introduced bills dividing the State and territories. Referred to the Committee on Recommittee on Recommittee on Recommittee on Recommittee on Recommittee on Recommittee on Recommendations of the state and territors of Texas in o several States and territories. Referred to the Committee on Soldiers of the Mr. Judd sustained both the smendment and the

tories. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. Poland presented a petition of Abram Baldwin and twenty-five others, for pensious to soldiers of the war of 1812.

The Committees were then called for reports, but no report was made.

The Speaker resented a message from the President with a communication in reference to the Pacific Railway. Referred to the Pacific Railroad.

Pacific Railway. Referred to the Facific Railroad Committee.

Mr. Dawes introduced a bill regulating compansation in cases of contested elections. Referred to the Committee on Elections. It provides that in contested election cases no mileage or per diew shall be paid until the question is decided by the House, and shall then only be paid to the person to whom the seat is awarded; and that the unsuccessful person shall be allowed by the Committee on accuming only the amount actually expected by him in the contest.

Mr. Swann presented several resolutions of the Baltimore Board of Trade is reference to immunities of private property at sea in time of war, building levers on the Mississippi, and modifications of the bankrupt law.

levers on the Mississippi, and modifications of the bankrupt law.

The Speaker announced that Mr. Blair declined acrying on the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and an Chairman of the Committee on Private Land Claims, and that he appointed him to the position on the Committee of Wave and Means, made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Orth and that he appointed Mr. Orth as Chairman of the Committee on Private Land Claims and to the same place on the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

He also stated that by an error in copying, Mr. Dewees had been sincured an Chairman of two committees. The chairman of the Committee on Expanditures of the Interior Department, was Mr. Ela of New Hammshire.

On motion of Mr. Sevenson the undistributed hooks of the last Congress were ordered to be distributed among the members of the present Congress.

The House then at 2 P. M adjourned.

FORRIGN.

By Atlantic Cable. Earthquake Shock in England. LONDON, March 16 .- A slight shock of earthquake was felt in the eastern part of Lancashire this morning, but no damage was done.

Affairs in Vienna. VIENNA, March 16. - The Reichsrath is strongly in favor of the proposal recently made by the Government to subject the Landwehr to the regular military authorities.